SAFETY DATA SHEET

MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION AND USE

MATERIAL NAME: STEEL

SYNONYMS: Includes all Sheet products, Plate, Strip, Bar, Slab, Ingot,

Structural shapes and Tubular

Products.



SUPPLIER: RUSSEL METALS INC.

ADDRESS: 6600 FINANCIAL DRIVE, MISSISSAUGA,

ONTARIO. CANADA. L5N 7J6.

TEL: 905-819-7295 FAX: 905-819-7262

FORM #: SDS-01-2019 DATE: APRIL 15, 2019

1. PRODUCT INFORMATION

GHS PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: STEEL

OTHER MEANS OF IDENTIFICATION: Includes all Sheet products, Plate, Strip, Bar, Slab, Ingot, Structural shapes and Tubular Products

RECOMMENDED USE OF THE CHEMICAL AND RESTRICTIONS ON USE:

Solid steel products, various forms and uses. Manufacture of articles.

SUPPLIER'S DETAILS: RUSSEL METALS INC., 6600 FINANCIAL DRIVE, MISSISSAUGA, ONTARIO. CANADA. L5N 7J6

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: 905-819-7295

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION: Steel is considered an "article" and not hazardous in its solid form. However, certain process such as cutting,

milling, grinding, melting and welding could result in some hazardous materials being emitted. The GHS

Classification below pertains to these emitted products during these processes.

SIGNAL WORD, HAZARD STATEMENTS & SYMBOLS: DANGER

SYMBOLS	HAZARD	GHS CLASSIFICATION	HAZARD STATEMENTS
	Carcinogenicity	Category – 1B	May cause cancer
	Respiratory Sensitizer	Category – 1	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
	STOT (repeated exposure)	Category – 1	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	Acute Oral Toxicity	Category – 4	Harmful if swallowed.
	Skin Sensitizer	Category – 1	May cause allergic skin reaction.
	STOT (single exposure)	Category – 3	May cause respiratory irritation.
N/A	Eye Irritation	Category – 2B	Causes eye irritations.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

PREVENTION	FIRST AID RESPONSE	
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/vapour/spray.	EYES:	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
Use in a well- ventilated area.		Seek medical attention if eye irritation persists.
Use personal protective equipment as required.	SKIN:	Wash affected area with mild soap and water.
Wash thoroughly after handling.		Seek medical attention if skin irritation persists.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	INHALATION:	Remove to fresh air. Check for clear airway, breathing
Obtain special instructions before use.	INITIALATION.	and presence of pulse. If necessary administer CPR.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read & understood.		Consult a physician immediately.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	INGESTION:	Dust may irritate mouth and gastrointestinal tract. If ingested, seek medical attention promptly.
CTORACE		
STORAGE		DISPOSAL
Store away from acids and incompatible materials.	Steel scrap should be recycled whenever possible.	
Store in accordance with federal/ provincial/state or local regulations.		pose of in accordance with applicable federal/ e or local regulations.

HAZARD NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED (HNOC): Not applicable.

NOTES:

STOT – Specific Target Organ Toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

BASE METAL (ALL VALUES ARE EXPRESSED AS WEIGHT PERCENT AND ARE APPROXIMATES)

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	CARBON & H.S.L.A. STEELS	ELECTRICAL STEELS	LEADED & LOW ALLOY STEELS	RAILS & TIE PLATES	TUBULAR PROD.
IRON	7439-89-6	91-99	91-99	92-96	94-96	94-96
Manganese	7439-96-5	<2.0	<2.2	<2.2	<1.7	<1.7
Chromium	7440-47-3	<0.1	<1.7	<1.7	<1.6	<0.7
Nickel	7440-02-0	<1.0	<2.1	<2.1	<0.15	<0.5
Copper	7440-50-8	<1.0			<0.1	<0.5
Phosphorous	7723-14-0	<0.25				<0.1
Molybdenum	7439-98-7				<0.12	<1.0
Lead	7439-92-1			< 0.35		

NOTES:

• For exact composition, refer to analysis or specifications.

METALLIC AND NON-METALLIC COATINGS

GALVANIZE GALVANNEAL	- Hot dipped Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6) coating. Coating weights range from 15-400 g/m® per side. May be chemically passivated with a	C2 COATING ELECTRICAL	- Glass film composed of Magnesium ortho-silicate formed during high temperature anneal
	Chromium compound which leaves a residual Cr level of 11-40 mg/m@per side. Petroleum based rust preventative oils are applied to	C3 COATING ELECTRICAL	- Oil modified polyester resin varnish film
	oiled product. Typical oil coating weights range from 1.1-5.4 g/m² per side.	C5M COATING ELECTRICAL	An inorganic iron-silicate complex that is heat and oil resistant with good insulating properties.
GALVALUME	- Hot dipped Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6) 43% and Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) 55% coating. Coating weights range from 50-150 g/m@ per	DRY-LUBE	- Mixture of borate and carbonate soap lubricants for metal forming.
	side. May also be passivated or oiled similar to Galvanize material.	PRE-LUBE	- Petroleum based oil coating used for metal forming
		LUBE OIL	- Lubricating protective petroleum based oil
TIN PLATE	- Electroplated with tin (CAS 7440-31-5) coating. Coating weights range from 0.9-15 g/m² per side. Treated with Chromium passivation	SLUSHING OIL	Mineral oil based protective coating containing small quantities of anti-oxidants
	solution which leaves a Chromium residue of 0.05-7.5 g/m² per side. May be coated with an edible oil to prevent scratching. Oil coating	VANISHING OIL	- Solvent applied petroleum oil protective coating leaving a wax-like protective coating.
	typically 0.1 micro inches thick.	PRECOATED	- Cured paint/resin film applied to sheet steel. Galvanized or Galvalume coated steel sheet.
CHROMIUM	- Electroplated with Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) coating. Coating weights range from 0.1-0.17 g/m@ per side. May be coated with edible oil similar to tin plate.	ZINCROMETAL	- Protective coating of zinc rich paint over a chromate based primer compound. Coating is applied to one side of strip. Typical coating weights range from 0.215-0.325 g/m O.215-0.325 g/m O.215-0.325 g/m O.215-0.325 g/m
RUST PROTECTION	- Oil based rust inhibitor (<i>Rust Ban 392</i>) containing 60-100% light hydrotreated distillates (CAS 64742-47-8).	PRIMER	- Standard Shop Primer Coating for steel (#27452 Canam Grey), based on 10-20% light aliphatic naphtha solvent (CAS 64742-89-8), 5-10% petroleum distillates (CAS 68410- 16-2) and 5-10% Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3).

NOTES: 1. Individual coating components are present at values below the reporting requirements of the WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List.

2. Passivation Treatment (specifically ordered) for Zinc Coated Products may contain hexavalent chromium as a portion of the chromium and chromium

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

DESCRIPTION OF NECESSARY FIRST AID MEASURES:

EYE CONTACT: FLUSH EYES WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES.

SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IF EYE IRRITATION PERSISTS.

oxide corrosion protection coating. In these cases, the actual concentration of hexavalent present varies with steel gauge and coating weight.

SKIN CONTACT: MAINTAIN GOOD PERSONAL HYGIENE. WASH AFFECTED AREA WITH MILD SOAP AND WATER.

SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IF SKIN IRRITATION PERSISTS.

INHALATION: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. CHECK FOR CLEAR AIRWAY, BREATHING AND PRESENCE OF PULSE.

 $\hbox{IF NECESSARY ADMINISTER CPR. CONSULT A PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY.}\\$

INGESTION: RARE IN INDUSTRY. DUST MAY IRRITATE MOUTH AND GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT.

IF INGESTED, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION PROMPTLY.

MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS/EFFECTS, ACUTE AND DELAYED:

Steel as sold and shipped is not likely to present an acute or chronic health effects.

However, during processing (cutting, milling, grinding, melting or welding) emitted byproducts may cause irritations, difficulty in breathing, coughing or wheezing. May cause allergic skin reactions.

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INDICATION OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED, IF NECESSARY:

Notes to physician: May cause sensitization by skin contact or inhalation. Treat symptomatically.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Non-flammable. Will not support combustion. Not applicable for solid product. Use extinguishers appropriate

for surrounding materials.

Do not use water on molten metal.

SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM MATERIAL: Not applicable for solid product.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: At temperatures above the melting point, fumes containing metal oxides and other alloying elements may be

liberated.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE FIGHTERS:

Firefighters should wear self-contained NIOSH-approved breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.

EXPLOSION DATA:

SENSITIVITY TO MECHANICAL IMPACT: None. SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE: N/A

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

Not applicable to steel in solid state. Avoid dust formation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Clean-up personnel

should be protected against contact with eyes and skin protection.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: Not applicable to steel in solid state.

METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

Not applicable to steel in solid state. For spills involving fine dusts, remove by vacuuming or wet sweeping

methods to prevent spreading of dust. Avoid inhalation of dusts.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING: Not applicable to steel in solid state. Operations with the potential for generating high concentrations of

airborne particulates should be evaluated and controlled as necessary. Practice good housekeeping. Avoid

breathing metal fumes and/or dust.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE: No special storage conditions for steel in solid state.

INCOMPATIBLE PRODUCTS: Store away from acids and incompatible materials.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

CONTROL PARAMETERS: There are no exposure limits for steel.

The exposure limit for iron-containing fumes has been established at 5 mg/m3 with ACGIH's TWA. The individual complex compounds within the fume may have lower exposure limits than the general fume

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	TLV ACGIH (mg/m3)	OSHA PEL (mg/m3)	MOL TWA (mg/m3)
Iron (as oxide)	7439-89-6	5.0 (Respirable)	10.0 (Fume)	5.0 (Respirable)
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.02 (Respirable Mn) 0.1 (Inhalable) for elemental and inorganic compounds	5.0 (Fume Ceiling) 5.0 (Mn compounds Ceiling)	0.2 (for elemental and inorganic compounds)
Chromium	7440-47-3	0.5 (Inhalable) Metallic Chromium) 0.003 (Inhalable) Cr (III) 0.0002 (Inhalable) Cr(VI) soluble 0.0005 (Inhalable) Cr(VI) soluble - STEL	1.0 (metal)	0.5 (Metal and Cr (III)) 0.05 (Soluble Cr VI)) 0.01 (Insoluble Cr VI)
Nickel	7440-02-0	1.5 (Inhalable) Elemental 0.2 (Inhalable Insoluble) 0.1 (Inhalable Soluble)	1.0 (Insoluble) 1.0 (Soluble)	1.0 (Inhalable) Elemental 0.2 (Inhalable Insoluble 0.1 (Inhalable Soluble
Copper	7440-50-8	1.0 (Dust) 0.2 (Fume)	1.0 (Dust) 0.1 (Fume)	1.0 (Dust) 0.2 (Fume)
Phosphorus	7723-14-0	0.1 (yellow)	0.1 (yellow)	0.1 (yellow)
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	10.0 (Inhalable) Insoluble 3.0 (Respirable) Insoluble 0.5 (Respirable) Soluble	15.0 (Dust, Insoluble) 5.0 (Soluble)	10.0 (Inhalable) Metal & Insoluble 3.0 (Respirable) Metal & Insoluble 0.5 (Respirable) Soluble
Lead	7439-92-1	0.05	0.05 (Elemental)	0.05 (Elemental lead, inorganic and organic compounds of lead, as Pb except tetraethyl lead)

NOTES:

- Threshold Limit Values (TLV) established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH 2018) are 8-hour Time Weighted Average concentrations unless otherwise noted
- Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) from Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) 29 CFR 1910.1000 Z-1 Table (January 9, 2017)
- Time-Weighted Average (TWA) exposure values from Ontario's Ministry of Labour (MOL) Regulation 833 (latest update Jan.. 2018). Where a value is not set out in the Ontario table, a listing on the 2015 ACGIH Table TLVs would apply

APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide general or local exhaust to minimize airborne concentrations during milling, grinding, melting and

welding operations.

INDIVIDUAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES: Dependent upon process being performed on material each operation must be addressed for suitable

equipment.

GLOVES (Specify): Wear gloves as required EYES (Specify): Safety glasses or goggles as required.

CLOTHING (Specify): N/A FOOTWEAR (Specify):

If concentrations exceed established limits use NIOSH/MSHA approved particulate respirators (dust & **RESPIRATOR** (Specify):

fume or high efficiency dust fume) when grinding or welding.

OTHER (Specify):

9. CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE:	Solid	APPEARANCE:	Silver Grey Metallic (Steel)
ODOUR:	Not Applicable	ODOUR THRESHOLD:	Not Applicable
pH:	Not Applicable	MELTING POINT:	1530°C (2786°F)
BOILING POINT:	Not Applicable	FLASH POINT (°C):	N/A
EVAPORATION RATE:	Not Applicable	FLAMMIBILITY (solid, Gas):	Not flammable
UPPER FLAMMABLE LIMIT %:	Not Applicable	LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT %:	Not Applicable
VAPOUR PRESSURE:	Not Applicable	VAPOUR DENSITY:	Not Applicable
RELATIVE DENSITY:	7.86	SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	No data
SOLUBILITY:	Not soluble	PARTITION COEFFICIENT:	No data
AUTO-IGNITION TEMP (°C):	Not Applicable	DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE:	No data
VISCOSITY:	Not Applicable		
OTHER INFORMATION:	Not Applicable		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY: Not determined for product in solid form.

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Yes. Steel products are stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization cannot occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Contact with mineral acids will release flammable hydrogen gas. Dust formation.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Yes, strong acids. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Not Applicable.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY:

COMPONENT	LD ₅₀ ORAL	LD ₅₀ DERMAL	LD ₅₀ INHALATION	OTHER
Iron	30,000 mg/kg Oral-Rat	-	-	-
Manganese	9000 mg/kg Oral-Rat	-	-	-
Chromium	Unknown	-	-	-
Nickel	>9000 mg/kg Oral-Rat	-	-	-
Copper	Unknown	-	-	-
Phosphorous	Unknown	-	-	-
Molybdenum	Unknown	-	-	-
Lead	Unknown	-	-	-

LIKELY ROUTES OF ENTRY: None for steel in its natural solid state.

EYES: High concentrations of dust may cause irritation to the eyes.

Prolonged skin contact with coated steel may cause skin irritation in sensitive individuals. SKIN: INHALATION:

Inhalation of metal particulate or elemental oxide fumes generated during welding, burning, grinding or

machining may pose acute or chronic health effects.

SYMPTOMS RELATED TO THE PHYSICAL, CHEMICAL AND TOXICOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS:

None for steel in its natural solid state.

EFFECTS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE TO MATERIAL: MANGANESE & COPPER: Inhalation overexposure to manganese or copper (or zinc coated products) may

cause metal fume fever characterized by fever and chills (i.e. flu-like symptoms) which appear 4-6 hours after

exposure with no long-term effects.

EFFECTS OF CHRONIC EXPOSURE TO MATERIAL: CHROMIUM: IARC lists certain hexavalent chromium compounds under its Group 1 category - "confirmed

human carcinogens" and metallic chromium under its Group 3 category - "not classifiable as to their carcinogenicity to humans". Chromium metal is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

 $\underline{\text{NICKEL}}\text{: IARC lists metallic nickel under its Group 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic to humans" and Nickel Nickel (Nickel Lists metallic nickel under its Group 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic to humans" and Nickel (Nickel Lists metallic nickel under its Group 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic to humans" and Nickel (Nickel Lists metallic nickel under its Group 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic to humans" and Nickel (Nickel Lists metallic nickel under its Group 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic to humans" and Nickel (Nickel Lists metallic nickel under its Group 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic to humans" and Nickel (Nickel Lists metallic nickel under its Group 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic to humans" and Nickel (Nickel Lists metallic nickel under its Group 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic to humans" and Nickel (Nickel Lists metallic nickel under its Group 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic to humans" and Nickel (Nickel Lists metallic nickel under its Group 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic nickel under its Group 2B category - "possibly - "possibly - "possibly$ compounds under its Group 1 category - "confirmed human carcinogens". Nickel may cause skin sensitivity. COBALT: Cobalt dust may result in an asthma-like condition (cough, shortness of breath). IARC lists metallic cobalt under its Group 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic to humans".

IRON: Inhalation overexposures may cause a benign pneumoconiosis (siderosis) with few or no symptoms. MANGANESE: Existing studies are inadequate to assess its carcinogenicity. Susceptible to Parkinson's

disease, metal fume fever and kidney damage.

STOT (Single Exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT (Repeated Exposures): Respiratory system. Allergic skin reactions.

MUTAGENCITY OF MATERIAL: REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: N/A TERATOGENICITY OF MATERIAL: N/A

CARCINOGENICITY OF MATERIAL: CHROMIUM: IARC lists certain hexavalent chromium compounds under its Group 1 category - "confirmed

human carcinogens" and metallic chromium under its Group 3 category - "not classifiable as to their

carcinogenicity to humans".

NICKEL: IARC lists Nickel, metallic and alloys under its Group 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic to humans" and Nickel compounds under its Group 1 category - "confirmed human carcinogens".

COBALT: IARC lists metallic cobalt under its Group 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic to humans".

LEAD: IARC lists lead inorganic compounds under its Group 2A as "probably carcinogenic to humans" and lead

as 2B category - "possibly carcinogenic to humans".

SYNERGISTIC MATERIALS: N/A ASPIRATION HAZARD: No data. SENSITIZATION OF MATERIAL;

LD₅₀ (of Material): Not established LC₅₀ (of Material): Not established

NOTES:

- STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity
- International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Summaries & Evaluations (2019).
- 14th Annual Report on Carcinogens (2019) as prepared by the National Toxicology Program (NTP).
- Iron containing welding fume has an exposure limit of 5 mg/m³ (ACGIH-TLV's 2018). Welding fume may also contain contaminants from fluxes or welding consumables. Prolonged skin contact may cause reddening and drying of skin or dermatitis in sensitive individuals due to nickel and/or chromium content in steel.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY:

No data available for the stainless steel in its natural solid state. However, individual components of the material have been found to be toxic to the environment.

COMPONENT	TOXICITY TO FISH	TOXICITY TO ALGAE	TOXICITY TO MICROORGANISMS
Iron	LC50 Common Carp 96 hr. 0.56 mg/l	-	-
Chromium	LC50 Fathead minnow 96 hr. 10-100 mg/l	-	-
Nickel	LC50 Common Carp 96 hr. 1.3 mg/l	EC50 Freshwater Algae 72 hr. 0.18 mg/l	EC50 Water Flea 48 hr. 1.0 mg/l
Lead	LC50 Common Carp 96 hr. 0.44 mg/l	-	EC50 Water Flea 48 hr. 0.0006 mg/l

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: No data available. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: No data available.

MOBILITY IN SOIL: No data available for steel in its natural solid state. Individual metal dusts may migrate into soil and

groundwater and be absorbed by plants.

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: None known.

13. DISPOSAL INFORMATION

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS: Steel scrap should be recycled whenever possible.

CONTAINER CLEANING & DISPOSAL: Dispose of in accordance with applicable federal, provincial/state or local regulations.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

GENERAL SHIPPING INFORMATION: Steel not regulated for shipping.

SHIPPING NAME AND DESCRIPTION: N/A UN NUMBER: N/A HAZARD CLASS: N/A PACKING GROUP/RISK GROUP: N/A

TRANSPORT REGULATIONS:

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (TDG) March 2016.

US Department of Transport (DOT) Hazardous Materials shipping information (Title 49 - Transportation March 2017).

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

REGULATORY INFORMATION: The following listing of regulations relating to a Russel Metals Inc. product may not be complete and should not

be solely relied upon for all regulatory compliance responsibilities.

ADDITIONAL CANADIAN REGULATIONS:

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Class D2A/D2B: Materials Causing Other Toxic Effects.

DOMESTIC SUBSTANCES LIST: The components of this material are on the federal DSL Inventory.

OTHER CANADIAN REGULATIONS:

ADDITIONAL U.S. REGULATIONS:

SARA: The components of this material are subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 302, 304 and 313 of

Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA – Oct. 2012), as follows:

CHEMICAL NAME	SARA 302 (40 CFR 355, Appendix A)	SARA 304 (40 CFR Table 302.4)	SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65)	CERCLA Reportable Quantities
Chromium	No	No	Yes	5,000 lb.
Copper	No	No	Yes	5,000 lb.
Lead	No	No	Yes	10 lb.
Manganese	No	No	Yes	None listed
Nickel	No	No	Yes	100 lb.
Phosphorus	Yes	Yes	Yes	1 lb.
Vanadium	No	No	No	None listed

SARA THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY: There are no specific Threshold Planning Quantities for the components of this material. Threshold Planning

Quantities for Phosphorous is 100 lb. (45.4 kg), per 40 CFR 370.20.

TSCA INVENTORY STATUS: CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ): The components of this material are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory.

RQ's for Hazardous Substances in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act are: Chromium = 5000 lb. (2270 kg); Copper = 5000 lb. (2270 kg); Nickel = 100 lb. (45 kg); Phosphorous 1 lb.

(0.454 kg).

The Chromium (VI) component of this material is known in the State of California to cause cancer. CALIFORNIA (PROPOSITION 65):

The Nickel component of this material is known in the State of California to cause cancer. The Cobalt component of this material is known in the State of California to cause cancer.

The Lead component of this material is known in the State of California to cause cancer, and/or birth defects

(or other reproductive harm).

OTHER U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: Lead is regulated under 29 CFR 1910.1025.

ADDITIONAL EUROPEAN UNION REGULATIONS:

This SDS follows the European Union Directive "Restriction on the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances (RoHS) in **RoHS & WEEE:**

Electrical and Electronic Equipment" (2002/95/EC updated 2015) and the "Waste Electrical and Electronic

Equipment (WEEE)" Directive (2002/96/EC).

Lead (Pb): The leaded low alloy steel has lead content of <0.35%, which is above EU Directive limit of 0.1% (1,000 ppm).

Lead is not intentionally added to other steel alloys however, it may exist in trace levels.

Note, the EU Directive has a lead exemption limit of up to 0.35% as an alloying element in steel.

Chromium VI (Cr +6): The hexavalent oxidation state of chromium does not normally exist as part of a metal or alloy.

Hexavalent Chromium has EU Directive limit of 0.1% (1,000 ppm).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

STEFI

HAZARD LABEL RATING SYSTEMS:

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION CODE: NFPA CODE: H=0 F=0 R=0



HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM:

WHMIS CODE: H=1* F=0 R=0 PPE: See Section 8

HEALTH	1
FLAMMIBILITY	0
REACTIVITY	0
OTHER	*

^{*} Denotes possible chronic hazard if airborne dusts or fumes are generated.

PREPARED BY: RUSSEL METALS INC. AND ENVIROTEST INC. DATE: MAY, 2019

CONTACT SUPPLIER FOR ADDITIONAL PRODUCT INFORMATION TELEPHONE: 905-819-7295 NOTE:

DISCLAIMER: THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN BASED ON DATA CONSIDERED ACCURATE. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED

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